The S-O-S Initiative, promoting the expanded community management of opioid overdose, was launched by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and the World Health Organization (WHO) at the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND) 2017. In line with the WHO 2014 guidelines on “Community Management of Opioid Overdose”, this initiative aims to save lives by permitting access to naloxone and training of potential first responders, including peers and family members in management overdose. United Nations Member States and other stakeholders are encouraged to work towards universal coverage of opioid overdose management strategies including naloxone, as outlined in the following three targets:

**GLOBAL IMPLEMENTATION TARGETS**

1. 90% of high-risk countries should have community management of opioid overdose, including naloxone, in current levels ofudy. community management of opioid overdose aims at providing the required basic emergency services and equipment to save lives in the absence of professional medical help.

2. 90% of high-risk countries should have evidence-based training of first responders in the skills required to deliver naloxone, and train them in the local context.

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